Can Native American Energy Independence Help Address Climate Change Effects and Promote Tribal Sovereignty At The Same Time?"

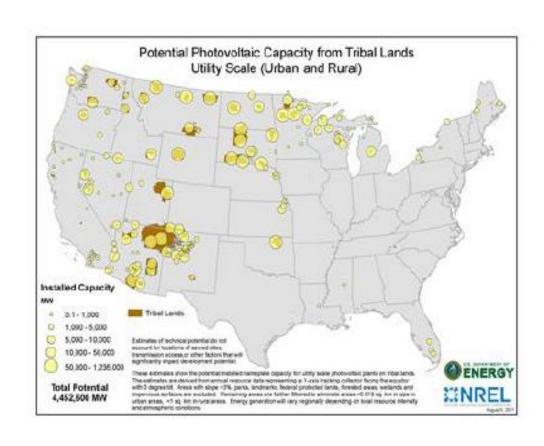
Eleventh Annual Lesley K. McAllister Symposium on Climate and Energy Law November 8, 2019

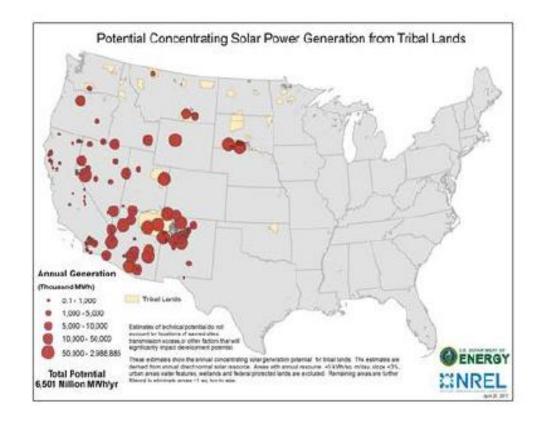
Carrie Downey, Adjunct Professor
University of San Diego, School of Law
Claremont Graduate School, PhD Candidate

Outline

- 1. Renewable Potential on Reservation Land in U.S.
- 2. Tribal Efforts to assert Energy Independence and Sovereignty
- 3. California & San Diego Tribal Efforts to develop resilience programs
- 4. San Diego Map of Tribal Reservations
- 5. SDGE Public Safety Power Shutoff Program
- 6. Recent use of PSPS
- 7. California Microgrid Opportunities
- 8. Microgrids as PSPS Mitigation provides Tribal Self Reliance

- 17,600,000,000 billion kWh/year of solar
- 535 billion kWh/year of wind energy





139

reports from the **Department of Energy**, **Tribal Energy Program** that provides funding for feasibility studies and deployment costs on renewable energy projects proposed for tribal lands going back to **1985**.

29 California Tribes Used DoE Funds

Augustine Band of Cahuilla Mission Indian	ıs 1	iviesa Grande Band of iviission Indians	
Hoopa Valley Tribe	1	Pala Band of Mission Indians	
Morongo Band of Cahuilla Mission		Pechanga Band of Luiseno Mission Indians	
Indians: Southwest Tribal Consortium	1	Pinoleville Pomo Nation	
Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians	4	Ramona Band of Cahuilla Mission Indians	
Bear River Band Rohnerville Rancheria	1	Robinson Rancheria Bd. of Pomo Indians	
Bishop Paiute Tribe	4	San Manuel Band of Mission Indians	
Cabazon Band of Mission Indians	3	San Pasqual Band of Mission Indians	
Campo Band of Mission Indians	1	Santa Ynez Band of Chumash Indians	
Elk Valley Rancheria	1	Scotts Valley Band of Pomo Indians	
Fort Bidwell Indian Community	1	Smith River Rancheria	
Graton Economic Development Authority	1	Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians	
Hoppa Valley Tribe	2	Viejas Band of Mission Indians	
Karuk Tribe of California	2	Washoe Tribe of Nevada and California	
Manzanita Band of Mission Indians	3	Yurok Tribe of the Yurok Reservation, CA	



SDGE Public Safety Power Shutoff (PSPS)

Began after 2007 Wildfires

Received CPUC Approval

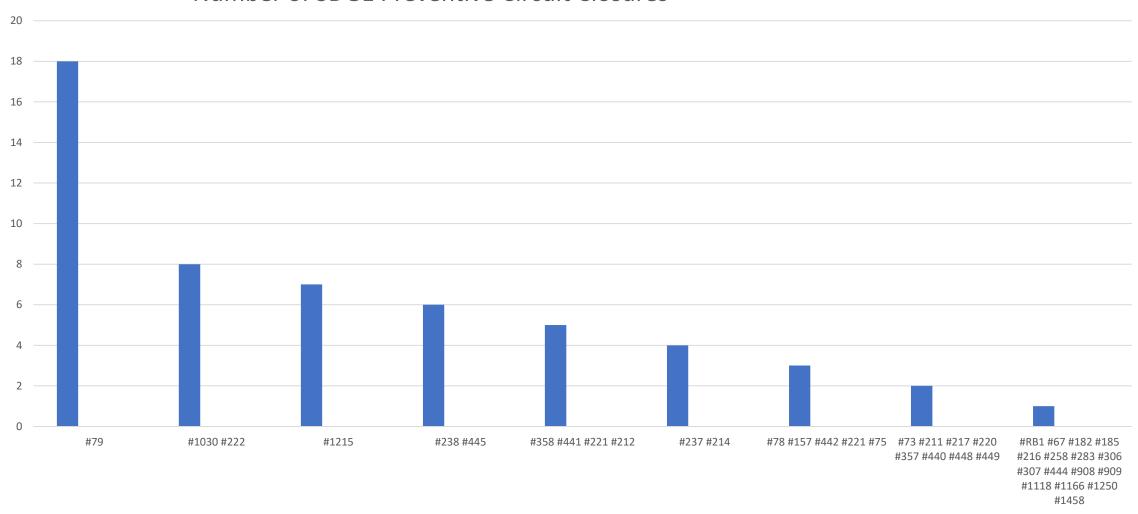
PSPS Program

PSPS Mitigation

- Advance Notice to Customers
- Establish Community Centers
- Reimburse some costs
- Back Up Power



Number of SDGE Preventive Circuit Closures



California Microgrid Activities

- CEC Electric Program Investment Charge (EPIC) Projects
- Blue Lake Ranchero (Tribal Project Humboldt County)
- Borrego Springs Microgrid (SDGE)
- Pala Microgrid Project, Pala Band of Mission Indians
- SB 1339 Charge to develop Microgrid standards

2019 Southwest Tribal Climate Change Summit

Focus on climate strategies and solutions, and advance Tribal resilience efforts throughout the Southwest and North America.

"When it comes to vulnerability, we're there.
When it comes to adaptability, we've always been there."

Gerald Wagner

Tribal
Reservations
should be
eligible to get
Microgrids as
part of PSPS
Mitigation

- Use of ratepayer funds to establish Microgrids for resiliency, should be allowed as part of Utility approved PSPS plans under D.19-05-042
- Native Americans are highly overrepresented in all of the most vulnerable fire areas, especially communities with extreme fire potential (Davies IP, et al (2018) The Unequal Vulnerability of Communities of Color to Wildfire)
- Reservation housing less able to have individual DER as mitigation
- Tribal casino/resorts can/have acted as housing for those without power or evacuated due to fire potential because have back-up power
- Tribal Governments have unique leadership and caretaker role for land and population

